# Sample paper 1 Class IX Subject: Mathematics

## **Time : 3hrs General Instructions:**

## M.M 80

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. The paper consists of 30 questions divided into 4 section A, B, C and D. Section A comprises of 6 questions of 1 mark each. Section B comprises of 6 questions of each 2 marks. Section C comprises of 10 questions of 3 marks each. Section D comprises of 8 questions of 4 marks each.
- 3. There is no over all choice in this question paper. Although internal choices have been provided in the same question.

# Section A

- 1. Linear equation x 4 = 0 is parallel to which axis?
- 2. If three angles of quadrilateral are equal and fourth angle is 144°. Find all angles.
- 3. In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle with chords AP and BP

being produced to R and Q respectively. If  $/_QPR = 35$ , find  $/_AOB$ .



- 4. Choose the correct statement
  - (a) a triangle has two right angles
  - (b) all the angles of a triangle are more than 60°
  - (c) an exterior angle of a triangle is always greater than the opposite interior angles
  - (d) all the angles of a triangle are less than 60°
- 5. Which one is not a polynomial

(a) 
$$4x^{2} + 2x - 1$$
  
 $y + \frac{3}{y}$   
(b)  $x^{3} - 1$   
(c)  $x^{3} - 1$   
(d)  $y^{2} + 5y + 1$ 

6. Which point lies on x-axis?

(a) (3, 2) (b) (-3, 2) (c) (2, 0)

(d) (-1,-2)

#### Section B

- 7. Find the value of k for which the cubic polynomial  $3y^3 \frac{3}{2}y^2 + ky + 5$  is exactly divisible by  $\left(y - \frac{1}{2}\right)$ .
- 8. The cost of pencil is twice Rs 7 less than twice the cost of pen. Find first 3 common multiples of 6 and 8. Write this statement as linear equation in two variables.
- 9. In the given figure O is the centre of the circle. PQ is a chord of the circle and R is any point on the circle if /\_PRQ = I and /\_OPQ = m. Find l+m.



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{6}}$$

- 10. Rationalize the denominator of
- 11. Expand  $(2a 3b)^3$  and factorize  $27 125a^3$ .
- 12. Prove that any two sides of a triangle are together greater than twice the median drawn to the third side.

#### Section C

13. ABCD is a quadrilateral, in which P, Q, R and S are mid-points of the sides AB, BC, CD and DA (see figure). AC is a diagonal. Show that.



- 14. Prove that  $3+\sqrt{5}$  is irrational?
- 15. Using the long division method, determine the remainder when the polynomial  $4x^{5} + 2x^{4} x^{3} + 4x^{2} 7$  is divided by (x 1).
- 16. In the figure, AX and CY are respectively the bisectors of opposite angles A and C of a parallelogram ABCD. Show that AX || CY.
- 17. In the figure, AC = AE, AB = AD and  $\angle$ BAD =  $\angle$ ESC. Show that BC = DE.



- 18. Simplify  $1800 \div 10\{(12-6)+(24-12)\}$
- 19. Factorize  $x^3 2x^2 x + 2$
- 20. Show how  $\sqrt{5}$  can be represented on the number line.
- If PQ and RS are two intersecting lines which meet ar point O. If /\_ POR :/\_ ROQ= 5:7.
   Find all the angles.
- 22. In countries like USA and Canada, temperature is measured in Fahrenheit, whereas in countries like India, it is measured in Celsius. Here is a linear equation that converts Fahrenheit to Celsius.

$$F = \left(\frac{9}{5}\right)C + 32$$

(i) Draw the graph of the linear equation above using Celsius' for X–axis and Fahrenheit for y–axis.

- (ii) If the temperature is 30°C, what is the temperature in Fahrenheit?
- (iii) If the temperature is 95°F, What is the temperature in Celsius?

### Section D

- 23. Two circles having radii 5 cm and 3 cm intersect each other at two distinct points. If the distance between their centres is 4 cm, then what is the length of the common chord?
- 24. How does the graph of y=mx, depends on the value of m. Also draw graph when m=2,3.
- 25. The taxi fare in a town is Rs 10 for the first kilometer and Rs 6 per km for the subsequent distance. Taking the distance as x km and total fare as Rs. y, write a linear equation for this information, what will be the total fare for 15 km?
- 26. In the given figure, POQ is a line. Ray  $\overrightarrow{OR} \perp PQ$ ,  $\overrightarrow{OS}$  is another ray lying between rays  $\overrightarrow{OP}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OR}$ . Prove that

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$$\angle ROS = \frac{1}{2}(\angle QOS - \angle POS).$$

27. Determine rational numbers p and q if

$$\frac{7+\sqrt{5}}{7-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{7-\sqrt{5}}{7+\sqrt{5}} = p - 7\sqrt{5} q.$$

- 28. Factorize:  $(a b)^3 + (b c)^3 + (c a)^3$ .
- 29. The sides AD and BC of a quadrilateral are produced as shown in the given figure.



30. Prove that angles opposite to equal sides of an isosceles triangle are equal.